

THE BATTLE OF BONES

EXPERT TESTIMONY ON BONES IN THE LUETGERT CASE

Dr. Allport Under Rigid Cross Examination—He Pronounces the Skull of a Gorilla to be That of a Large, Strong Man. The Witness Rebutted by Counsel for the State—Expert Testimony to Last for Several Days—Lutgers to Take the Stand.

Chicago, October 1.—The monotony of the scientific and painfully technical proceedings of the Lutgers murder trial today was relieved by a hearty laugh at the expense of Dr. Allport, the chief osteological expert of the defense, during the afternoon session. Dr. Allport had identified a piece of bone as the temporal of a human being. He observed that the bone would indicate that the person had been large and strong.

"Yes, I suppose he was," observed Assistant State's Attorney McEwen. "He was a gorilla."

This announcement rather staggered Dr. Allport, but he joined in the general laugh among the lawyers, experts and spectators. There was a warm tilt between the witness and Assistant State's Attorney McEwen during the afternoon. After arguing a question Dr. Allport proceeded to give a little explanatory lecture, different somewhat from the subject under consideration. When he paused Attorney McEwen gazed at the witness a moment and remarked: "You are a little too fresh."

Ex-Judge Vincent was on his feet in a moment appealing for protection for the witness.

"A little rebuke like that is good for some people," remarked Mr. McEwen. "One small head does not contain all there is to know about bones."

Ex-Judge Vincent continued to demand that his chief antagonist be protected by the court.

Judge Tuthill put a stop to the dispute by leaning over his desk and remarking: "Gentlemen, proceed with the trial of this case."

Dr. Allport then worked harder while delivering a lecture on descriptive and comparative anatomy before a class in the Northwestern university than he did in his descriptive talk before the jury in the Lutgers case today. He drew diagrams and pictures of bones including human skulls, temporal, parietal and others and described them. Then he drew more pictures of the same bones in the lower animals and compared them, pointing out the difference. Few in the crowded court room appreciated the marks of the demonstrator. It was Greek to nearly all except the attorneys and the experts. The jurors followed the descriptive talk dreamily. The severe cross examination took a considerable degree of positiveness out of the witness. He questioned him by Assistant State's Attorney McEwen, but framed by Professor Dorsey, tested his knowledge of bones severely. After falling into several cleverly laid technical pitfalls Dr. Allport became wary. His answers were at first he hesitated and explained and when the ordeal was over the witness was much pleased.

The battle of the bones will continue tomorrow. Professor Eckley is to be called to tell the jury what he knows about bones, both human and lower animal. The experts are not expected to finish before the middle of next week. When they get through Lutgers is expected to go on the stand. Already State's Attorney Deneen is receiving requests for passes on "Lutgers day." It is now asserted that the prosecution will produce upon the witness stand three of the women whom witnesses have identified as Mrs. Lutgers. One of these is the woman who was seen by half a dozen persons in Kenosha, Wis., on May 4th and 5th. She is now in Chicago and is being watched constantly by a detective. This is the woman who left one of her slippers in the Kenosha police station. She was described by several witnesses who saw her in the Northwestern railroad station in Kenosha and at two of the leading hotels of the town and identified by means of a photograph as Mrs. Lutgers. This woman will be put on the witness stand. She will relate all conversations she had with the police officials and others in Kenosha. It is said.

Gold the Master

The German historian, Dr. Karl Peters, in a work not yet off the press, "The Rise of the British Empire" (advance sheets of which have appeared in Germany), holds that the United States, through a dependent monetary policy, has lost her former strong, independent position among nations and has again become a dependency of Great Britain.

Dr. Peters writes: "The total political independence enjoyed by the United States is, therefore, only a degree above the freedom of Canada and Australia." Again he says: "British imperialism is not founded upon canon; it rests upon money only, and ancient Rome never exploited her possessions in a more relentless manner than Great Britain her possessions or the countries subject to the influence of her capital."

"Among the countries thus ruled by English money the United States stands first and alone and pays tribute annually to the amount of two hundred and fifty million dollars, at the lowest computation, while French statistics place it at four hundred millions."

"To know this means to understand that the stars and stripes, this boasted banner of freedom and independence, floats in reality over an immense dependency of Great Britain. This, too, explains why the warlike spirit of the Americans was cooled down with such ease when London chose to manipulate the markets to the detriment of America during the Venezuelan trouble."

And further along he says: "That America could ever be free from this tribute must be regarded as impossible. For this could only be accomplished if the Americans were able gradually to purchase their bonds. This they cannot do unless they save up the necessary capital. Now, as they have already to pay at least two hundred and fifty millions annually of their surplus earnings, it does not seem likely they can save. As a matter of fact, their debts increase."

"The farmers in the United States rarely see money, and their property is deeply mortgaged. Hence the enormous number of unemployed and heavy emigration from America. America's troubles are caused by her bondage, and if we look closer we will discover that England's money monopoly is at the bottom of hard times the world over."

A HEATED CAMPAIGN

Against the Conservatives by the Liberal Leaders in England—Arouse, Brewing With France in the Sudan—Postponing an Answer to the American Monetary Commission.

(Copyright by the Associated Press.)

London, October 2.—The question, ironically asked by the conservative press relative to the whereabouts of the liberal leaders, has been answered in trip-hammer style during the past week by the speeches of Mr. John Morley, the former chief secretary for Ireland; Mr. H. H. Asquith, the former home secretary, and Mr. George W. E. Russell, former under secretary of state for India. "Disgrace abroad," and "disaster at home," were the tenor of all the speeches, as was to be expected; but it must be admitted that the arraignment is approved by the consciences of many conservatives, when they recall the record of the last few years. Mr. Russell, in dealing with the subject, recalled Prince Bismarck's verdict of Lord Salisbury as being "a lath painted to look like iron," and Lord Randolph Churchill's later estimate of the premier as being "the greatest funk in Europe." Mr. Russell added his own opinion of Lord Salisbury, namely, "Frailty, thy name is Cecil."

The recent by-election in East Denbighshire, resulting in a greatly increased liberal majority, seems to be a warning that the people are wearying of the blundering which has marked Lord Salisbury's policy.

Mr. Russell recalled recent instances in which he said the premier always started with a fine display of vigor which "cooled away so soon as his opponents shows fight." Continuing Mr. Russell said Lord Salisbury backed down before Secretary Olney and is now backing down before Secretary Sherman and that during the course of the peace negotiations between Greece and Turkey the czar and Emperor William handled Lord Salisbury so effectively that he was made to eat his own pronouncements.

Unless the signs are deceiving, trouble is brewing in west Africa between the British and the French who, since 1889, have troubled their protractors in western Sudan, and the great bulk of the territory between the two nations has been carved out of country generally regarded as being within the British sphere of influence.

There are mysterious stories afloat of disturbances at Lagos, on the west coast of Africa, and the movements of British troops to that part of the world from adjoining colonies, coupled with the news that the French colonial minister is going to Senegal coast, and other signs lead to the belief that the situation is dangerous and that the conflict of interests is becoming acute. A high colonial official said to a representative of The Associated Press: "The native ferment amounts to nothing; but the fact is the French are pushing us into the sea and unless we are rehabilitated by a commission to delimitate the Anglo-French frontier, more successfully than formerly there is bound to be trouble."

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, returns to London this week, where his arrival is eagerly waited by the United States monetary commissioners. While the chancellor of the exchequer may communicate a message immediately to the commissioners, it is not unlikely that it will be a notification that the government is still unable to give them a definite reply to their proposals, but hopes to be able to announce its conclusions at some specific future time. Public men who are in the best position to judge, think that recent developments foreshadow a negative answer.

Major Moses P. Handy, the special United States commissioner for the Paris exposition of 1900, has had a cordial interview with the French minister for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, in regard to the objects of his visit to Europe; but he and his associates are dissatisfied with the small amount of space allotted to the United States and to the extent to which it is practically impossible for the authorities to extend the space. Apart from the fact that the ground has been definitely chosen, the horse car and railroad lines approved and the concessions granted, there is no valuable space whatever in proximity to the buildings.

Many of our people here are suffering from nervous troubles, Scrofula, Sores, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, and other diseases who can be promptly and permanently cured by that sterling remedy, "Parker's Sarsaparilla—the King of Blood Purifiers." It has been used by thousands and never known to fail. Only the finest selected purifying tonic herbs and roots are used in its manufacture. It has all the good qualities of other remedies, with none of the bad. Sold by J. C. Shepard, Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Captured After a Long Pursuit

Savannah, Ga., September 30.—Three weeks ago at Hahira, Ga., Shelton Dampier, in cold blood, shot down Sam Parker, one of the most respected citizens of the place, because he had been instrumental in securing the conviction of Dampier in a theft prosecution. Dampier has been pursued ever since with dogs, but managed to elude his pursuers. Last night the sheriff of Lowndes county received notice that Dampier was in the vicinity. He gathered a posse and surrounded the hut where he was hidden. Dampier was seen in the night sitting on the door step of the hut chewing sugar cane. As daylight dawned he saw the members of the posse and a fusillade began. Dampier was shot in the shoulder before he gained cover of the log hut, but his wound was too hot to allow the sheriff's men to leave the cover of the saplings. The logs of the hut were riddled with holes and the deputies had their clothing perforated several times.

Dampier finally surrendered, cursing the crowd for their cowardice in remaining under cover. He was taken to jail in Valosta. He says that he would have gotten away entirely but for the stringency of the quarantine regulations in the state.

The Schooner John H. Cannon Burned

Baltimore, September 30.—Advices received here today report that the schooner John H. Cannon, Captain Harrison, from Jacksonville, Fla., for Baltimore, loaded with shingles, was dismasted in a gale on the 21st inst. 170 miles east of Charleston. She was abandoned and set on fire on the 24th. The crew of the Cannon were taken off by the schooner Greenleaf Johnson, and landed today at Fortress Monroe.

Think of The Difference

between the nature of the cotton-plant and the habits of a hog, and you have the difference between Cottolene and lard. Cottolene is all that's pure and wholesome; lard has few redeeming features.

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STARTLING DISCLOSURE

All of the Timber Docks of Our Navy in Disabled Condition, Except One

New York, September 30.—A special meeting of the naval dock board was held today at the Brooklyn navy yard to consider the reports as to the disabled conditions of all, but one of the timber structures owned by the government. A complete examination by the engineers has revealed the above startling information and the only exception is the timber dock on Puget sound. As the timber docks practically do all the work of the navy, the stone structures being used for the smaller vessels, the department regards the existing conditions with considerable apprehension, and it will be the duty of the dock board to report on the subject and suggest the best way for repairing docks. None of the members of the board would talk for publication today, but it is understood that an estimate of the cost of repairs, together with the recommendation to proceed once with the work, will be forwarded immediately to the department.

Engineers have estimated that it will cost at least \$500,000 to put the timber docks in condition, and the dock board is expected to recommend that this money be spent on the structures at New York, League Island, Norfolk and Port Royal. There is a separate appropriation for dock No. 3, at the Brooklyn yard.

There is a time for everything; and the time to attend to a cold is when it starts. Don't wait till you have consumption but prevent it by using One Minute Cough Cure, the great remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. R. R. Bellamy.

The Weather Conditions Here in September

Mr. Charles M. Strong, local forecast official at the Wilmington station, furnishes us with the following monthly meteorological summary for the month of September, just ended:

Mean atmospheric pressure, 30.15; highest pressure 30.24, date 30th; lowest pressure 29.83, date 22nd; mean temperature, 73; highest temperature 94, date 14th and 17th; lowest temperature 52, date 21st; greatest daily range of temperature 26th, date 14th and 27th; least daily range of temperature 8, date 18th and 23rd.

Mean temperature for this month for 27 years, 74; average deficiency of daily mean temperature during the month, .7; accumulated excess of daily mean temperature since January 1st, 17; average daily excess since January 1st, .1; wind, prevailing direction of northeast; total deficiency in precipitation during the month, 4.88 inches; accumulated deficiency in precipitation since January 1st, 17.74; number of clear days 17; partly cloudy days, 5; cloudy days, 8; dates of frost, none.

Vim, vigor and victory—these are the characteristics of De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and all stomach and liver troubles. R. R. Bellamy.

Tit for Tat

"An Episcopal clergyman, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who belongs to the order, 'The Church of the Living God,' attended a meeting of the other evening. The chairman, noticing his presence said: 'I see our brother Rev. Brother—among us this evening. As this is an unusual occurrence, I think he will have to be assessed \$5.' The rector put his hand into his waistcoat pocket, and, marching up to the desk put down his little V, and made a nice little speech in which he told how glad he was to be with his brother Elks, and ended by inviting them to come and hear him preach the next Sunday evening. Some one moved that the Elks accept the invitation and go in a body to their brother's church, which was unanimously carried. The next Sunday evening the front pews of the church were filled with Elks, and when the Rev. Mr. — ascended his pulpit, he said: 'I am delighted to see so many of my brother Elks here this evening, but as it is such an unusual occurrence with the most of them, I think they should be assessed \$1. Let our light so shine, etc.' The way silver dollars rattled on that plate was a caution. The contribution was much heavier than usual, and the Elks voted their reverend brother all right."

Under Heavy Fire on the Witness Stand

Chicago, September 30.—There was but one witness on the stand in the Lutgers trial today and at the conclusion of the session the state announced that it would in its inability keep him on the stand for the greater portion of tomorrow. The witness was Dr. W. H. Allport, the expert who testified for the defense yesterday that the femur claimed by the state as the femur of a woman is in reality the femur of a hog. The state had prepared a warm cross examination for him today and toward the latter portion of the afternoon session it succeeded in confusing him and gaining from him several contradictions of his own evidence. He identified the skull of a dog as being the skull of a monkey and was neatly trapped by the state into doing so. The attorneys for the state have considerable feeling against Dr. Allport as his testimony more than once has been to the effect that evidence was being manufactured by the prosecution and they will leave nothing undone to break him down.

SAGASTA AT THE HELM.

The Queen Regent Asks This Liberal to Form a Cabinet—Great Good for Cuba Hoped for From This Change of Ministry—Minister de Lome to Resign.

Madrid, October 2.—Senator Sagasta, the liberal leader, has been entrusted by the queen regent with the task of forming a new cabinet in succession to the Azcaraga ministry which resigned on Wednesday last. Senator Sagasta, after leaving the queen regent, had a long conference with the Marquis Vega de Armijo, who accepts the presidency of the chamber. Admiral Bermejo becomes minister of marine, in succession to Admiral Beranger. The financial question is demanding the greatest attention and the liberals will, at the outset of the coming session of parliament, frankly expose the position of the Spanish treasury.

Washington, October 2.—The news from Madrid to the effect that the queen regent had invited Sagasta to form a cabinet to succeed the Azcaraga cabinet was hailed with a feeling of relief in official circles here. In the view of the administration, the United States and Cuba have all to gain and nothing to lose in the liberal accession to power. Even if the party is not willing to go as far as the extreme Cuban sympathizers in the United States wish, it is felt that there will be certainly a most liberal offering of concessions to secure peace in Cuba. Sagasta is said to have stood from the first in opposition to the policy pursued by Spain for the last year. Those familiar with affairs in Spain say that the Sagasta view has become very popular in Spain, mainly because the war policy had served to draft most of the young men from the interior and exasperate the masses by disease and death. As a result of this sentiment, it is said that an election would give Sagasta a liberal majority in the cortes, and thus permit him to carry on the government without being hampered by the conservative majority of over 100 which now exists in the cortes.

The retirement of Senator Dupuy de Lome is probable as a result of the formation of a liberal ministry and it is believed the minister will tender his resignation as soon as he is officially advised of the advent of the Sagasta cabinet.

There are among the thousands who use Cod Liver Oil, to whom the taste of the Oil is objectionable. To these we take pleasure in recommending "Vitamin," (Vitamin of Cod Liver Oil). It is not a synthetic compound, but is actually extracted from the finest quality of pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, thereby representing all its virtues, combined with Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda and Magnesia. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress.

Vitamin's Busy Inning

(Cleveland Leader.) Albert Rockingham and John Dawson had been boys together. Albert had always gone to Sunday school and obeyed his parents, but John had been a bad boy. He had loved to torture kittens, to destroy bird's nests and to make little girls cry.

In time they grew to manhood and loved the same woman. Julia Birdsall worshipped Albert Rockingham, until he was arrested for highway robbery and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty-seven years. Then her heart turned to stone.

"Julia!" he cried, as they were leading him away. "Julia! Julia! I am innocent!" But she gave him the Chilcoat Pass and fainted in the arms of John Dawson, who smiled sardonically and muttered: "So much, Albert Rockingham, for being a good boy and going to Sunday school!"

Twelve years passed—twelve weary, sorrow-laden years, during which John Dawson made love to the woman who had promised to be Albert Rockingham's wife, and collected the rents that the falsely accused man ought to have had.

But Nemesis had all along been biding her time, and one day, when John Dawson was looking at the stone and hit him on the solar plexus.

Two days later Albert Rockingham emerged from prison, weighing seventeen pounds more than he did when he was sentenced.

"Julia!" he cried when she stepped forward at the depot. "Albert!" screamed the beautiful girl, and their lips met.

Then John Dawson was led away, gritting his teeth and swearing that he was no through yet.

Vain threat! He rotted in a dungeon, while Albert and Julia raised a large family and were truly happy.

Thus virtue had triumphed, but, unfortunately, this didn't happen in real life.

It was just a thirty-cents-for-the-best-seat melodrama.

Another Point of View

"There's altogether too much liberty allowed in this country. Look at our public streets. There's no safety there for man or beast."

"I thought the streets were full of safety. But what's the matter now?" "Our pet dog went out on the road-way, where he has a perfect right to be, and just because he wouldn't get out of the way quick enough to oblige a desperate wheelman he was run over and had his tail half amputated. It's an outrage, and somebody will have to pay for it."

"What are you going to do about it?" "I'm going to sue the fellow who ran over him."

"Where is he?"

"He's still in the hospital."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Train Robbed in the Day Time

El Reno, Okla., October 1.—A later account of the Rock Island train robbery says: Bandits robbed the southbound Rock Island passenger train and all its passengers at 11 o'clock this afternoon at Siding No. 1, about five miles south of Minco, in the Indian territory. The railroad and express officials have feared a hold up in that section for several weeks, and armed guards have been put aboard all night trains at El Reno and carried through to Chickasha. It had not been thought that the outlaws were bold enough to attack a train in mid day. This morning the trainmen were completely surprised and they were not prepared to offer any resistance when five masked men came up on them at the lonely siding. The place is uninhabited and the only persons in the vicinity at the time were four section men. These men flagged the train, the robbers having compelled them to do so. The bandits were hidden out as soon as the passenger train had taken the siding.

Under the pressure of Winchester and ugly looking six-shooters the trainmen, the express messenger and all of the score or more of passengers were made to climb down from the train and stand in a line, hands up, on the prairie along the railroad. While three of the robbers covered the badly frightened crowd with their guns, the other two coolly and carefully robbed them, passing from one passenger to another down the line. The bandits secured about \$300 in cash and such other valuables, in the way of watches, pins and jewelry as were in sight.

The passengers and trainmen having been thoroughly plucked, three of the bandits turned their attention to the express and mail coaches, the others standing guard over the helpless crowd in the prairie. The registered mail pouches were quickly rifled, but the thorough safe in the express car resisted all the force and ingenuity of the road agents.

When the messenger had convinced the bandits that he could not open the strong box they resorted to dynamite. Several heavy charges were exploded, but the safe proved bandit proof and though it was badly battered its contents were saved to the express company.

Having taken forcibly possession of everything they could carry away the bandits mounted their horses and rode off to the west.

As soon as the train men could collect their wits they got their scared passengers aboard and hurried on to the next station south, Chickasha, from which point the railroad officials were notified of the holdup. At Chickasha a posse of citizens was hurriedly formed. These citizens set out in pursuit of the gang and officers have been dispatched from El Reno and other points in this section. It is hardly possible that the bandits can be overtaken in the prairie country and they will probably be able to reach the Wichita mountains, to the west of the scene of the holdup. Officers here believe the gang to be the same one that held Santa Fe trains up at Edmunds twice during last month.

The few women passengers were not compelled to give up their valuables and Rev. Mr. Roe, one of the passengers who was sick, was not compelled to leave the coach.

Jim Wright, of Minco, showed a disposition to resist when the bandits ordered his hands up. They shot one of his ears off to prove to his satisfaction that his bravery was ill advised. Wright's hands then went up. No one else was injured.

"I crave but One Minute," said the public speaker in a husky voice; and then he took a dose of One Minute Cough Cure, and proceeded with his oratory. One Minute Cough Cure is unequalled for throat and lung troubles. R. R. Bellamy.

Summary of Yellow Fever to Date

Washington, September 30.—A summary of the progress of the yellow fever epidemic up to the close of the day yesterday, made in the office of the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, gives a total of 682 cases and 60 deaths in the entire country, distributed by cities and towns as follows: Edwards, Miss., 21 cases and 6 deaths; New Orleans, 203 cases and 24 deaths; Biloxi, Miss., 135 cases and 7 deaths; Mobile, Ala. (up to Tuesday night), 53 cases and 8 deaths; Scranton, Miss., 39 cases and 3 deaths; Ocean Springs, Miss., 23 cases and 6 deaths; Barkley, Miss., 10 cases and 4 deaths; Cairo, Ill., 4 cases; Atlanta, Ga., Louisville, Ky., Perkinston, Miss., and Beaumont, Texas, one case each; the cases at Louisville and Beaumont proving fatal.

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M. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 60. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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30 1 day

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THE SCOTTISH CHIEF

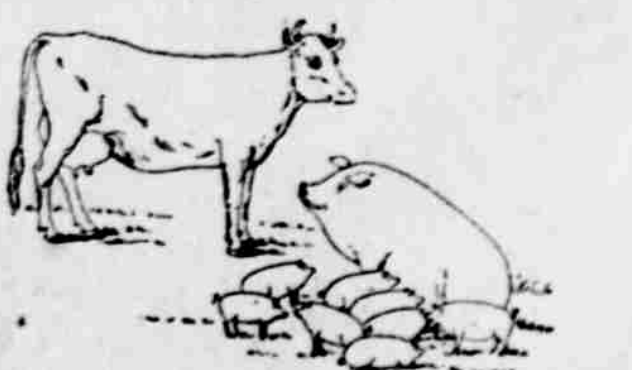
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